Thornton

Thurman

led, know-it-all, arrogant Congress, which after a year can't have its actions blamed on inexperience. No, the problem is indifference and political one-ups-manship. Enough is enough. Free the hostages and let the railroad retirees have their pensions. Put the American people's Federal Government back to work-the full Government, not this half-baked GOP political fig leaf designed more for political relief and which will just result in more shutdown threats and Federal Government uncertainty.

Mr. PAYNE of Virginia, Mr. Speaker, Lam. going to join reluctantly in voting for this measure. It will send our Federal employees back to work and restore normal operations to our national parks, Meals on Wheels, the passport office, and several other vital programs. We will end for now this cruel game that has made innocent Federal workers pawns in a political dispute over which they have no con-

Senate Majority Leader Dole said Wednesday: "Enough is enough." And this measure is better than nothing.

But let there be no mistake, Mr. Speaker: This legislation is the most bizarre measure that I have seen in 8 years as a Member of Congress.

With it, we'll send HUD's employees back to work, but they won't be able to perform all of the duties and services that they're charged with

Everyone would be back on the job at the Education Department, but there would be no new student loans.

And for the many Federal contractors who have been burned badly by this Government shutdown, this measure offers no relief. Medicare contractors, NASA contractors, and even those who supply food to Federal prisons will be among those who will continue to be harmed by the games that some people are playing in Washington.

Mr. Speaker, 1 year and 1 day ago, the Republican majority came to power pledging to

run government like a business.

Well before coming to Congress I built and operated businesses. And I have employed hundreds of people. And let me tell you something: This is not how you run a business.

You don't send people to work and deprive them of the money or material they need to do their jobs and still expect to be successful.

We need a clean continuing resolution to put the Government back to work, and then let's spend our time and energy balancing the budget in 7 years. That's what we were sent here to do.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. All time has expired.

Pursuant to House Resolution 334, the previous question is ordered.

The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Louisiana [Mr. LIVINGSTON

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the ayes appeared to have it.

Mr. OBĖŶ. Mr. Speaker, I object to the vote on the ground that a quorum is not present and make the point of order that a quorum is not present.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Evidently a quorum is not present.

The Sergeant at Arms will notify absent Members.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 401, nays 17, not voting 15, as follows:

# [Roll No 7]

Abercrombie

Ackerman

Andrews

Archer

Armey

Bachus

Baesler

Baker (CA)

Baker (LA)

Baldacci

Ballenger

Barrett (NE)

Barrett (WI)

Bass

Bateman

Becerra

Beilenson

Bentsen

Bereuter

Berman

Bevill

Bilbray

Bishop

Blilev

Blute

Bilirakis

Boehlert

Boehner

Bonilla

Bonior

Borski

Boucher

Brewster

Browder

Brown (CA)

Brown (FL)

Brown (OH)

Brownback

Bunn

Burr

Bunning

Burton

Callahan

Campbell

Chambliss

Chrysler

Clayton

Clement

Clyburn

Coble

Coburn

Coleman

Combest

Convers

Costello

Condit

Cooley

Cox

Covne

Crane

Crapo

Cubin

Danner

Davis

Deal

Cremeans

Cunningham

de la Garza

DeFazio

DeLauro

DeLay

Dellums

Deutsch

Dicks

Dixon

Dingell

Doggett

Diaz-Balart

Johnston

Kanjorski

Jones

Parker

Pastor

Paxon

Cramer

Collins (GA)

Collins (IL)

Collins (MI)

Clinger

Clay

Christensen

Calvert

Canady

Cardin

Castle

Camp

Bryant (TN)

Bono

YEAS-401 Dooley Kaptur Doolittle Kasich Dornan Kelly Kennedy (MA) Doyle Dreier Kennedy (RI) Kennelly Duncan Dunn Kildee Durbin Kim Edwards King Ehlers Kingston Ehrlich Kleczka Emerson Klink Engel Klug English Knollenberg Ensign Kolbe Eshoo LaFalce Evans LaHood Everett Lantos Ewing Latham LaTourette Farr Fattah Laughlin Fawell Lazio Fields (LA) Leach Filner Levin Lewis (CA) Flanagan Lewis (GA) Lewis (KY) Foglietta Foley Forbes Lincoln Ford Linder Lipinski Fowler Livingston Frank (MA) LoBiondo Franks (CT) Lofgren Franks (NJ) Longley Lowey Frelinghuysen Frisa Lucas Luther Frost Funderburk Maloney Furse Manton Gallegly Manzullo Geidenson Markey Martinez Gekas Gephardt Martini Geren Mascara Gilchrest Matsui Gillmor McCarthy Gilman McCollum McCrery Gonzalez Goodlatte McDade Goodling McDermott Gordon McHale Goss McHugh McInnis Green Greenwood McIntosh Gunderson McKeon Gutierrez McKinney Gutknecht McNulty Hall (OH) Meehan Hall (TX) Meek Hamilton Menendez Hancock Metcalf Hansen Meyers Harman Mfume Hastert Mica Hastings (WA) Miller (CA) Hayworth Miller (FL) Hefley Minge Hefner Mink Heineman Moakley Molinari Herger Hilleary Mollohan Hilliard Montgomery Hinchey Moorhead Hobson Moran Hoke Morella Holden Murtha Horn Myrick Houghton Nadler Hoyer Neal Nethercutt Hunter Hutchinson Neumann Hyde Ney Inglis Norwood Istook Nussle Jackson (IL) Oberstar Obey Jackson-Lee (TX) Olver Jacobs Ortiz Jefferson Orton Johnson (CT) Owens Johnson (SD) Oxley Johnson, E. B. Packard Pallone Johnson, Sam

Payne (NJ) Payne (VA) Pelosi Peterson (FL) Peterson (MN) Petri **Pickett** Pombo Pomerov Porter Portman Poshard Prvce Quinn Radanovich Rahall Ramstad Rangel Reed Regula Richardson Riggs Rivers Roberts Roemer Rogers Rohrabacher Ros-Lehtinen Roth Roukema Roybal-Allard Royce Rush Sabo Salmon Sanders Sawyer Saxton

Scarborough Schaefer Schiff Schroeder Schumer Scott Seastrand Sensenbrenner Serrano Shaw Shays Shuster Sisisky Skaggs Skeen Skelton Slaughter Smith (MI) Smith (NJ) Smith (TX) Solomon Spence Stearns Stenholm Stokes Stump Stupak Talent Tanner Tate Tauzin Taylor (MS) Taylor (NC) Tejeda Thomas Thompson Thornberry NAYS-

Torkildsen Torres Torricelli Towns Traficant Upton Velazquez Vento Visclosky Volkmer Vucanovich Waldholtz Walker Walsh Wamp Ward Waters Watt (NC) Watts (OK) Waxman Weldon (FL) Weldon (PA) Weller White Whitfield Wicker Williams Wise Wolf Woolsey Wvnn Yates Young (AK) Young (FL) Zeliff Zimmer

Barr Gibbons Sanford Barton Graham Shadegg Smith (WA) Hastings (FL) Chabot Chenoweth Hoekstra Souder Tiahrt Dickey Hostettler Ganske Largent

## NOT VOTING-

Bryant (TX) Hayes Stark Chapman Lightfoot Stockman Fazio Studds Myers Fields (TX) Quillen Flake Rose Wyden

# □ 1443

Mr. FROST changed his vote from ''nay'' to "yea.

So the motion was agreed to.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

The title of the bill was amended so as to read: "a bill making appropriations for certain activities for the fiscal year 1996, and for other purposes"

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

## □ 1445

CONTINUING APPRO-**FURTHER** PRIATIONS FOR FISCAL YEAR

Mr. OBEY. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to call up for immediate consideration House Joint Resolution 131, continuing funding for many critical Federal departments through January 29, 1996, authorizing a 2.4-percent pay raise for the Armed Forces of the United States, and waiving all points of order against such an amendment.

Mr. SOLOMON. Mr. Speaker, I ob-

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. HASTERT). Under the guidelines consistently issued by the successive Speakers and recorded on page 534 of the House Rules Manual, the Chair is constrained not to entertain the gentleman's request until it has been cleared by the bipartisan floor and AUTHORIZING SPEAKER TO DEcommittee leaderships. CLARE RECESSES FROM JANU-

### PARLIAMENTARY INQUIRY

Mr. OBEY. Mr. Speaker, parliamentary inquiry.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The gentleman will state it.

Mr. OBEY. Mr. Speaker, I have been authorized by the minority party leadership on this side of the aisle to make such a request. When will someone be authorized on the majority side to make such a request?

The SPEAKER pro tempore. That is not a parliamentary inquiry at this point.

FURTHER CONTINUING APPROPRIATIONS FOR FISCAL YEAR 1996

Ms. JACKSON-LEE. Mr. Speaker, in light of the previous vote, I ask unanimous consent to bring up House Joint Resolution 155, a clean continuing resolution that funds this Government as amended through January 26, supported by over 45 Members of this House, which will allow workers in the Federal Government to perform at their fullest services and to ensure that the Government is operating during the budget negotiations.

Mr. DREIER. Regular order.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under the guidelines consistently issued by successive Speakers and recorded on page 534 of the House Rules Manual, the Chair is constrained not to enterain the gentlewoman's request until it has been cleared by the bipartisan floor and committee leaderships.

## PARLIAMENTARY INQUIRY

Ms. JACKSON-LEE. Mr. Speaker, parliamentary inquiry.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The gentlewoman will state it.

Ms. JACKSON-LEE. The inquiry is, as my colleagues stated, when would we be able to hear from the other side?

Mr. SOLOMON. Mr. Speaker, regular order.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. That is not a parliamentary inquiry.

REPORT ON RESOLUTION PROVIDING FOR DISPOSITION OF SENATE AMENDMENT TO HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION 134, FURTHER CONTINUING APPROPRIATIONS FOR FISCAL YEAR 1996

Ms. PRYCE, from the Committee on Rules, submitted a privileged report (Rept. No. 104-448) on the resolution (H. Res. 336) providing for the disposition of the Senate amendment to the joint resolution (H.J. Res. 134) making further continuing appropriations for fiscal year 1996, and for other purposes, which was referred to the House Calendar and ordered to be printed.

UTHORIZING SPEAKER TO DE-CLARE RECESSES FROM JANU-ARY 5, 1996, THROUGH JANUARY 23, 1996, AND WAIVING REQUIRE-MENTS OF CLAUSE 4(b) OF RULE XI WITH RESPECT TO CONSIDER-ATION OF CERTAIN RESOLU-TIONS REPORTED BY COMMIT-TEE ON RULES

Ms. PRYCE. Mr. Speaker, by direction of the Committee on Rules, I call up House Resolution 330 and ask for its immediate consideration.

The Clerk read the resolution, as follows:

#### H. RES. 330

Resolved, That (a) the Speaker may declare recesses subject to the call of the Chair on the calendar days of Friday, January 5, 1996, through Tuesday, January 9, 1996. A recess declared pursuant to this subsection may not extend beyond the calendar day of Tuesday, January 9, 1996.

(b) The Speaker may declare recesses subject to the call of the Chair on the calendar days of Tuesday, January 9, 1996, through Friday, January 12, 1996. A recess declared pursuant to this subsection may not extend beyond the calendar day of Friday, January 12, 1996.

(c) The Speaker may declare recesses subject to the call of the Chair on the calendar days of Friday, January 12, 1996, through Tuesday, January 16, 1996. A recess declared pursuant to this subsection may not extend beyond the calendar day of Tuesday, January 16, 1996.

(d) The Speaker may declare recesses subject to the call of the Chair on the calendar days of Tuesday, January 16, 1996, through Friday, January 19, 1996. A recess declared pursuant to this subsection may not extend beyond the calendar day of Friday, January 19, 1996.

(e) The Speaker may declare recesses subject to the call of the Chair on the calendar days of Friday, January 19, 1996, through Tuesday, January 23, 1996. A recess declared pursuant to this subsection may not extend beyond the calendar day of Tuesday, January 23, 1906.

ary 23, 1996.

SEC. 2. The requirement of clause 4(b) of rule XI for a two-thirds vote to consider a report from Committee on Rules on the same day it is presented to the House is waived with respect to any resolution reported from that committee before the calendar day of Wednesday, January 24, 1996, and providing for consideration or disposition of any of the following measures:

(1) A bill making general appropriations

(1) A bill making general appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1996, any amendment thereto, any conference report thereon, or any amendment reported in disagreement from a conference thereon.

(2) A bill or joint resolution that includes provisions making further continuing appropriations for the fiscal year 1996, any amendment thereto, any conference report thereon, or any amendment reported in disagreement from a conference thereon.

(3) A bill or joint resolution that includes provisions increasing or waiving (for a temporary period or otherwise) the public debt limit under section 3101(b) of title 31, United States Code, any amendment thereto, any conference report thereon, or any amendment reported in disagreement from a conference thereon.

(4) A bill to provide for a balanced budget by 2002, any amendment thereto, any conference report thereon, or any amendment reported in disagreement from a conference thereon.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. KINGSTON). The gentlewoman from

Ohio [Ms. PRYCE] is recognized for 1 hour.

Ms. PRYCE. Mr. Speaker, for the purpose of debate only, I yield the customary 30 minutes to the distinguished ranking member of the Committee on Rules, the gentleman from Massachusetts [Mr. MOAKLEY], pending which I yield myself such time as I may consume. During consideration of this resolution, all time yielded is for the purpose of debate only.

(Ms. PRYCE asked and was given permission to revise and extend her remarks and include extraneous material.)

Ms. PRYCE. Mr. Speaker, House Resolution 330 is a two-part resolution. First, it allows the Speaker of the House to declare recesses subject to the call of the Chair on the calendar days of Friday January 5, 1996, through Tuesday, January 9, 1996, and for 3-day periods thereafter until Tuesday, January 23, 1996.

Second, this resolution waives clause 4(b) of rule XI, which requires a twothirds vote to consider a rule on the same-day it is reported from the Rules Committee, against certain resolutions reported by the Committee on Rules before calendar day Wednesday, January 24, 1996.

This resolution covers special rules that provide for the consideration or disposition of specific budget legislation, including fiscal year 1996 appropriations, continuing resolutions, public debt limit increases or waivers, and a 7-year balanced budget bill. The resolution also covers amendments, conference reports, or amendments reported in disagreement from a conference on such legislation.

Mr. Speaker, this resolution is primarily focused on moving toward a speedy solution to the budget dilemma that confronts this body, by facilitating the same-day consideration of urgent budget legislation that will reopen the entire Federal Government or provide a new 7-year balanced budget plan. When Congress and the administration come to agreement on these issues, the House will be able to act immediately to end the budget crisis.

However, in the absence of legislative activity that moves us toward these goals, this resolution provides the Speaker the ability to declare recesses while the budget negotiations between our leadership and the White House continue.

By recessing rather than adjourning, the House will effectively be on standby, ready to return should the White House come to meet its responsibility and submit legislation, as promised, that achieves a balanced budget and puts the Government back into full operation.

Further, should the President do his duty and the House does return ready for action, these urgent budget measures can be considered under an expedited process.

Mr. Speaker, with this resolution, the House is not abdicating its responsibilities. In fact, the House has